## Ab initio atomistic simulations of the physical and physico-chemical stages of ionizing irradiation of matter

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Molecular-scale ab initio simulations of ionizing irradiation of matter remain a major challenge due to the complexity of the physical and chemical processes to be captured[1]. Yet such simulations would be extremely valuable for understanding in detail the mechanisms of radiation-induced degradation, for example of complex biomolecules.

At ICP Orsay, we are developing original approaches based on the formalism of timedependent density functional theory to describe the physical and physico-chemical stages of ionizing irradiation. These developments, carried out as part of the deMon2k program, are now available to the community on the Zenodo platform (https://zenodo.org/records/10528681).

In this presentation, I'll review the current status of our developments[2], before moving on to some examples of recent applications. These include the interpretation of attosecond pump-probe spectroscopy experiments on proteins - to the best of our knowledge the only one of its kind in the world to date - and picosecond pulsed radiolysis experiments[3].



Figure 1: XUV ionization induces relaxation of a protein.

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